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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/502,282	07/22/2004	Ercan Ferit Gigi	NL020053	9177
24737 PHILIPS INTE	7590 04/30/2007 ELLECTUAL PROPERTY	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 3001 BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NY 10510			FLORES, LEON	
BRIARCLIFF	MANOK, NY 10510		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			2611	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
	•		04/30/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/502,282	GIGI, ERCAN FERIT					
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Leon Flores	2611					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status	•							
1)[\inf	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28	February 2007.						
• —	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.							
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
٠,۵	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the applicatio	n.	·	!				
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	∑ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.							
7)								
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.	•					
Applicati	on Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 July 2004</u> is/are: a)  accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)	a)⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Geo the attached detailed Office action for a list of the contined copies not received.								
Attachment(s)								
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date	•				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of	Informal Patent Application					
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🗌 Other:	<del></del>					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 2/28/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

### Response to Remarks

## Re: Claims 1-10 were rejected as being directed to unpatentable subject matter

The applicant asserts that, "the present invention is directed toward "signal conditioning," in particular subtracting quantization noise from a PCM (Pulse Code Modulation) signal. Such signal conditioning inventions were recognized as presenting patentable subject matter in, for example, Aa13cdlmia Research Technology Inc. v. Carazonix, 22 U.S.P.Q.2d 1033 (CAFC 1992). Withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully requested.

The examiner respectfully agrees. The examiner found a useful, tangible application in the specification (figure 4). Therefore, the 101 rejection has been withdrawn.

# Re: Claims 1 and 9 were rejected as being unpatentable over Nishio in view of Kim

The applicant asserts that, "applicant takes issue with the statement that the equation recited in the claims "performs the same functionality as this equation  $e = (S^2/12)^{1/2}$ , where e represents the quantization error and S represents the step size."

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The examiner disagrees. The formula for subtracting quantization noise from PCM in the instant application is clearly the formula described above, which is also used to subtract quantization noise from PCM signals.

Applicant asserts that, "windowing in Kim is used to mean dividing an image into frequency-domain sub-images. In Nishio and in the present invention, there are no images to be so sub-divided. In the present specification, "windowing" is used in a quite different sense, to mean the element-by-element multiplication of data elements within a limited "window" of a stream of data elements with corresponding data elements of a "window function." The window function might have the shape of a triangle, for example."

The examiner disagrees. Although the windowing function described in Kim is used to divide the images into sub-images, however, this windowing does not divide images into frequency-domain images. In Kim, element 60, in figure 2, is adapted to convert the windowed signal into the frequency domain noise signal. (See col. 3, lines 30-34) Furthermore, this division is achieved by <u>multiplying</u> the image signals with a known window weight factor. (See col. 3, lines 12-14) Which is what claim 1 in the instant application is disclosing - an equation for subtracting quantization noise being multiplied by a windowing function.

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#### **Drawings**

Figure 5 should be designated by a legend such as <u>--Prior Art--</u> because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

## Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout for the specification of a utility application. These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

Arrangement of the Specification

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As provided in 37 CFR 1.77(b), the specification of a utility application should include the following sections in order. Each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as a section heading. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) TITLE OF THE INVENTION.
- (b) CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS.
- (c) STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT.
- (d) THE NAMES OF THE PARTIES TO A JOINT RESEARCH AGREEMENT.
- (e) INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC.
- (f) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
  - (1) Field of the Invention.
  - (2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (g) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.
- (h) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S).
- (i) DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION.
- (j) CLAIM OR CLAIMS (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (I) SEQUENCE LISTING (See MPEP § 2424 and 37 CFR 1.821-1.825. A "Sequence Listing" is required on paper if the application discloses a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as defined in 37 CFR 1.821(a) and if the required "Sequence Listing" is not submitted as an electronic document on compact disc).

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

Table 1, in paragraph 59, does not mach with value given in figure 2. In figure 2, for n=2 the pulse value is 1. However, in Table 1 the applicant discloses a value of 2 for n=2. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims (1 & 9) are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nishio et al. (US Patent 5,774,842), and in view of Kim (US Patent 5,636,295) for the same reasons as set forth in the last office action.

#### Conclusion

2. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

#### Contact

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leon Flores whose telephone number is 571-270-1201. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 7-5pm Alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Payne can be reached on 571-272-3024. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

LF April 14, 2007 DAVID C. PAYNE
SLIPEBUISOBY PATENT EXAMINER